NO. OF ENCLS.

COUNTRY

SUBJECT

DATE OF

INFO.

25X1A

January - February 1951

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

25X1X

- 1. For the last several months Ante Pavelic, who was president of the Nazi. sponsored Croat Independent Republic (1941-1944), has been attempting to organize his military forces. He has issued orders to his immediate assistants to prepare lists of all former Croatian military personnel according to their branch of service in the armed forces. Pavelic is proparing these lists because he believes that war between the Western powers and the Soviet Union is inevitable and will break out in the immediate future. In this war the Western nations, led by the United States, will need the manpower of all anti-Communist forces, particularly of those who have had military training. Pavelic feels that only with the defeat of Communism can the independence of Croatia be reestablished.
- 2. Since during the first stages of the Korean conflict the Argentine public was opposed to the sending of Argentine forces outside the country, the Argentine Government has reportedly been studying the possibility of creating an Anti-Communist Legion which could be disputched to Europe. The Legion would be composed principally of recent political exiles of European origin; one of the European national groups which have been considered is Favelic's Ustasha group. Pavelic sees in the plan a grand opportunity for coming again into the public eye as one of the "allies" in any anti-Communist struggle.
- 3. The lists prepared by Pavelic are restricted generally to Argentine, because, with the exception of Uruguey and Venezuela, Croat organizations in other countries are not wholly under Pavelic's control. Although he has instructed that only military personnel be included in his lists, Pavelic reportedly will accept any Croat willing to serve under him, irrespective of the amount of previous military training.
- 4. Although Pavelic's military "experts" boast of their military prowess, it is a fact that not one experienced Ustasha career officer has accepted a position on Pavelic's general staff. Former Ustasha privates and non-commissioned officers, on the other hand, have greeted Pavelic's move with favor. The reason why Ustasha officer and enlisted personnel have reacted so differently to Pavelic's order is as follows: the rank and file of the Ustasbi consider

		: CLASSIFICATIO	CONFIDE MAP	L_U_S_OFFICIALS ONLY	
STATE	NAVY AIR	NSRB FEI	DISTRIBUTO	AL'	A distribution of the state of
piere (Mile-manusles)	Ар	proved For Re	lease 2001/12/04 : Cl	Document No.  No Change In Cl  Declassified Class. Changed  A-RDP82-00457F06740	To: TS S 🕡

Pavelic to be the greatest living Croat, who has dedicated his life to obtain the independence of Croatia. They believe that only under his leadership will the Croats be delivered from Serbien domination. Among the Ustashi intelligentsia, however, the opinion provails that Pavelic is finished as a political leader. To prove their contention that he is incapable of being a national leader they give the tragedy which occurred at Bleibarg, Austria, at the end of World War II. About 100 Ustashi, being sent clandestinely into Croatia to organize guerrilla movements, fell into a trap and were massacred by Titoist forces. Although Pavelic tried to place the blame on Dr. (fnu) Susic, Lecretary General of the Ustasha organization, and Dr. (fnu) Pfrkevac, former Minister of Interior, both men stated that they were carrying out Pavelic's orders.

5. Pavelic's general staff is composed of the following persons:

#### For America:

Colonel Iven Stir, Chief of the General Staff Jose Susic, Assistant Licutement Colonel (fmu) Biosic, Assistant Major Blas Jurkovic, Assistant

## For Europe:

General Maks Luburic, Chief of the General Staff Marijan Pusic, Assistant

6. The following is biographical information on these individuals:

#### Iven Stir

A lumber dealer by trade. During World War II he enlisted in the Ustasha militia and was given a colonel's commission although he had no previous relitary training. He is described as pro-Mazi, unintelligent, and uncultured.

## Jose Sueic

Uses the false name Jose Vucevac. Prior to the recent war he was an employee of the Yugoalav state monopoly; during the war he was a provincial official. He has had no military instruction; is of doubtful character, and has been suspected of swindling.

### (fmu) Biosis

He was a lieutenent colonel in the Ustasha militia although he had had no previous military training.

# Blas Jurkovic

Uses the felse name Jose Razlic. Before the war he was a primary school teacher. During the war he received the rank of major for his services at the front.

#### Maks Induric

Born in Herragovina about 1910. He uses the false name (fmu) Perinjania. Under Favelic's government he was commandant of the notorious Jasenovas concentration camp in Croatia. He is a dangerous fanatic who personally executed many prisoners at Jasenovas.\*\*

## Marijan Pusic

Very advanced in age. He was an officer in the Austro-Hungarian Army during World War I.

7. Pavelic is in close contact with Vittorio Mussolini end Carlo Scorza, Italian Fascists living in Argentina. \*\* Pavelic also maintains relations with former Nazis now living in Argentina, and with Argentina military personnel of wro-Nazi sympathies. Pavelic is also an intimate friend of General Highnio Mowinigo, former president of Paraguzy who now lives in exile in Argentina.

Approved For Release 2001/12/04 CM Ropes -00457R007300650008-6
SECRETOR TO THE U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

Approved For Release 2001/12/04:0 CIA-RDP82-90457R907309650008-6 25X1A

CENTRAL CHIPPIPENT HOLICY

.......

25X1A

Comment. Stir is identical with the Colonel Ivo Stir whose arrival in Argentina from Spain early in 1948 was reported in

25X1A

25X1X s

Commani. Because of Luburic's bloody record, Pavelic made a poor choice in assigning him to the Ustasha command.

25X1A

arter World War II Luburic stayed in Croatia, where he carried on guerrilla warfare against Tito. According to source, persons who know Luburic consider him dangerous. Luburic came to Argentina late in 1947, and was reported entering again in October 1949. In July 1950 he was seen in Rome. At that time the rumor was circulating emong Croatian circles that his mission was to assassinate anti-Pavelic elements there.

25X1A 等

for previous information on Mussolini and Scorza.

CONFIDENTIAL TO CIA-REP 22-904575007300650008-6